QuickSpecs

Overview

HPE HSR6600 Router Series



Models

HP HSR6602-G Router

JG353A

HP HSR6602-XG Router

JG354A

Key features

- High-performance WAN routing
- Compact, multi-core centralized processing architecture
- Comprehensive routing, switching, and security
- Modular WAN and LAN connectivity options
- Robust high availability and resiliency

Product overview

The HPE HSR6600 Router Series is made up of high-performance services WAN routers that are ideal for small- to medium-sized campus WAN edge and aggregation, as well as high-end branch deployments.

These routers are built with a compact multi-core centralized processing architecture that delivers, in a 2 RU form factor, robust routing, security, full Layer 2 switching, and modular WAN and LAN interface options, all integrated in a single fast and powerful routing platform.

In addition, these routers feature robust carrier-class reliability capabilities to reduce disruption from network or system failures.

Features and benefits

Connectivity

- Multiple WAN interfaces
 support Fast Ethernet/Gigabit Ethernet/10GbE ports, OC3~OC48 POS/CPOS, and ATM ports
- Flexible port selection



Overview

provides a combination of fiber/copper interface modules, 100/1000BASE-X auto-speed selection, and 10/100/1000BASE-T auto-speed detection plus auto duplex and MDI/MDI-X; is speed adaptable between 155 M POS/622 M POS/Gigabit Eth

Loopback

supports internal loopback testing for maintenance purposes and an increase in availability; loopback detection protects against incorrect cabling or network configurations and can be enabled on a per-port or per-VLAN basis for added flexibility

Performance

• High-performance platform

provides up to 15 Mpps forwarding performance

Resiliency and high availability

Separate data and control planes

provide greater flexibility and enable continual services

Hot-swappable modules

facilitates the replacement of hardware interface modules without impacting the traffic flow through the system

Optional redundant power supply

provides uninterrupted power; allows hot-swapping of one of the two supplies when installed

• Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

allows groups of two routers to dynamically back each other up to create highly available routed environments

• Graceful restart

supports graceful restart for OSPF, IS-IS, BGP, LDP, and RSVP; the network remains stable during the active-standby switchover; after the switchover, the device quickly learns the network routes by communicating with adjacent routers; forwarding remains uninterrupted during the switchover to achieve nonstop forwarding (NSF)

Hitless software upgrades

allow patches to be installed without restarting the device, increasing network uptime and simplifying maintenance

• IP Fast Reroute Framework (FRR)

nodes are configured with backup ports and routes; local implementation requires no cooperation of adjacent devices, simplifying the deployment; solves the traditional convergence faults in IP forwarding; achieves restoration within 50 ms, with the restoration time independent of the number of routes and fast link switchovers without route convergence

Product architecture

Multi-core CPU

delivers multi-threaded processing, with eight cores and 32 hardware threads

• Distributed processing

two kinds of engines are hardware separated: main controller engine (routing engine) and service engines (Flexible Interface Platform [FIP]); the main controller engine is used for route computing and system management, and service engines are used for processing services

Layer 3 routing

Static IPv4 routing

provides simple manually configured IPv4 routing

• Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

uses a distance vector algorithm with UDP packets for route determination; supports RIPv1 and RIPv2 routing; includes loop protection

Open shortest path first (OSPF)

Overview

delivers faster convergence; uses this link-state routing Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP), which supports ECMP, NSSA, and MD5 authentication for increased security and graceful restart for faster failure recovery

Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)

delivers an implementation of the Exterior Gateway Protocol (EGP) utilizing path vectors; uses TCP for enhanced reliability for the route discovery process; reduces bandwidth consumption by advertising only incremental updates; supports extensive policies for increased flexibility; scales to very large networks

• Intermediate system to intermediate system (IS-IS)

uses a path vector Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP), which is defined by the ISO organization for IS-IS routing and extended by IETF RFC 1195 to operate in both TCP/IP and the OSI reference model (Integrated IS-IS)

• Static IPv6 routing

provides simple manually configured IPv6 routing

Dual IP stack

maintains separate stacks for IPv4 and IPv6 to ease the transition from an IPv4-only network to an IPv6-only network design

Routing Information Protocol next generation (RIPng)

extends RIPv2 to support IPv6 addressing

OSPFv3

provides OSPF support for IPv6

BGP+

extends BGP-4 to support Multiprotocol BGP (MBGP), including support for IPv6 addressing

IS-IS for IPv6

extends IS-IS to support IPv6 addressing

IPv6 tunneling

allows IPv6 packets to traverse IPv4-only networks by encapsulating the IPv6 packet into a standard IPv4 packet; supports manually configured, 6to4, and Intra-Site Automatic Tunnel Addressing Protocol (ISATAP) tunnels; is an important element for the transition from IPv4 to IPv6

Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)

uses BGP to advertise routes across Label Switched Paths (LSPs), but uses simple labels to forward packets from any Layer 2 or Layer 3 protocol, which reduces complexity and increases performance; supports graceful restart for reduced failure impact; supports LSP tunneling and multilevel stacks

Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Layer 3 VPN

allows Layer 3 VPNs across a provider network; uses MP-BGP to establish private routes for increased security; supports RFC 2547bis multiple autonomous system VPNs for added flexibility

• Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Layer 2 VPN

establishes simple Layer 2 point-to-point VPNs across a provider network using only MPLS Label Distribution Protocol (LDP); requires no routing and therefore decreases complexity, increases performance, and allows VPNs of non-routable protocols; uses no routing information for increased security; supports Circuit Cross Connect (CCC), Static Virtual Circuits (SVCs), Martini draft, and Kompella-draft technologies

Policy routing

allows custom filters for increased performance and security; supports ACLs, IP prefix, AS paths, community lists, and aggregate policies

Multicast VPN

supports Multicast Domain (MD) multicast VPN, which can be distributed on separate service cards, providing high performance and flexible configuration

• Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)

establishes point-to-multipoint Layer 2 VPNs across a provider network

• Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)

enables link connectivity monitoring and reduces network convergence time for RIP, OSPF, BGP, IS-IS, VRRP, MPLS, and IRF

• IGMPv1, v2, and v3

Overview

allow individual hosts to be registered on a particular VLAN

• PIM-SSM, PIM-DM, and PIM-SM (for IPv4 and IPv6)

support IP Multicast address management and inhibition of DoS attacks

• Equal-Cost Multipath (ECMP)

enables multiple equal-cost links in a routing environment to increase link redundancy and scale bandwidth

OSPFv3 MCE

Multi-VPN-Instance CE (MCE) binds different VPNs to different interfaces on one single CE; the OSPFv3 MCE feature creates and maintains separate OSPFv3 routing tables for each IPv6 VPN to isolate VPN services in the device

Layer 3 services

Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

determines the MAC address of another IP host in the same subnet; supports static ARPs; gratuitous ARP allows detection of duplicate IP addresses; proxy ARP allows normal ARP operation between subnets or when subnets are separated by a Layer 2 network

User Datagram Protocol (UDP) helper

redirects UDP broadcasts to specific IP subnets to prevent server spoofing

Domain Name System (DNS)

provides a distributed database that translates domain names and IP addresses, which simplifies network design; supports client and server

• Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

simplifies the management of large IP networks

Security

Dynamic Virtual Private Network (DVPN)

collects, maintains, and distributes dynamic public addresses through the VPN Address Management (VAM) protocol, making VPN establishment available between enterprise branches that use dynamic addresses to access the public network; compared to traditional VPN technologies, DVPN technology is more flexible and has richer features, such as NAT traversal of DVPN packets, AAA identity authentication, IPSec protection of data packets, and multiple VPN domains

Group Domain Virtual Private Network (GDVPN)

a tunnel-less VPN technology that allows for native end-to-end security for a full meshed network; suitable for an enterprise

running encryption over a private Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)/IP-based core network, as well as to encrypt multicast traffic

Stateful VPN Firewall

provides enhanced stateful packet inspection and filtering; supports flexible security zones and virtual firewall containment; provides advanced VPN services with Triple DES (3DES) and Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption at high performance and low latency, Web content filtering, and application prioritization and enhancement

Access control list (ACL)

supports powerful ACLs for both IPv4 and IPv6; ACLs are used for filtering traffic to prevent unauthorized users from accessing the network, or for controlling network traffic to save resources; rules can either deny or permit traffic to be forwarded; rules can be based on a Layer 2 header or a Layer 3 protocol header; rules can be set to operate on specific dates or times

Unicast Reverse Path Forwarding (URPF)

allows normal packets to be forwarded correctly, but discards the attaching packet due to lack of reverse path route or incorrect inbound interface; prevents source spoofing and distributed attacks; supports distributed UFPF

Secure shell (SSHv2)

uses external servers to securely log in to a remote device; with authentication and encryption, it protects against IP spoofing and plain-text password interception; increases the security of Secure FTP (SFTP) transfers

Overview

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)

eases switch security access administration by using a password authentication server

Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System (TACACS+)

delivers an authentication tool using TCP with encryption of the full authentication request, providing additional security

Network address translation (NAT)

supports repeated multiplexing of a port and automatic 5-tuple collision detection, enabling NAPT to support unlimited connections; supports blacklist in NAT/NAPT/internal server, a limit on the number of connections, session log, and multi-instance

Quality of Service (QoS)

HQoS / Nested QoS

allows for precise and flexible traffic classification and scheduling

• Traffic policing

supports Committed Access Rate (CAR) and line rate

• Congestion management

supports FIFO, PQ, CQ, WFQ, CBQ, and RTPQ

Weighted random early detection (WRED)/random early detection (RED)

delivers congestion avoidance capabilities through the use of queue management algorithms

• Other QoS technologies

support traffic shaping, FR QoS, MPLS QoS, and MP QoS/LFI

Management

Industry-standard CLI with a hierarchical structure

reduces training time and expenses, and increases productivity in multivendor installations

• SNMPv1, v2, and v3

provide complete support of SNMP; provide full support of industry-standard Management Information Base (MIB) plus private extensions; SNMPv3 supports increased security using encryption

• Management interface control

enables or disables each of the following interfaces depending on security preferences: console port, Telnet port, or reset button

Remote monitoring (RMON)

uses standard SNMP to monitor essential network functions; supports events, alarm, history, and statistics group plus a private alarm extension group

Management security

restricts access to critical configuration commands; offers multiple privilege levels with password protection; ACLs provide Telnet and SNMP access; local and remote syslog capabilities allow logging of all access

• FTP, TFTP, and SFTP support

offers different mechanisms for configuration updates; FTP allows bidirectional transfers over a TCP/IP network; trivial FTP (TFTP) is a simpler method using User Datagram Protocol (UDP); Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) runs over an SSH tunnel to provide additional security

Debug and sampler utility

supports ping and traceroute for both IPv4 and IPv6

Network Quality Analyzer (NQA)

analyzes network performance and service quality by sending test packets, and provides network performance and service quality parameters such as jitter, TCP, or FTP connection delays and file transfer rates; allows a network manager to determine overall network performance and to diagnose and locate network congestion points or failures

Network Time Protocol (NTP)

synchronizes timekeeping among distributed time servers and clients; keeps timekeeping consistent among all clock-

Overview

dependent devices within the network so that the devices can provide diverse applications based on the consistent time

Information center

provides a central repository for system and network information; aggregates all logs, traps, and debugging information generated by the system and maintains them in order of severity; outputs the network information to multiple channels based on user-defined rules

Multicast support

• Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)

utilizes Any-Source Multicast (ASM) or Source-Specific Multicast (SSM) to manage IPv4 multicast networks; supports IGMPv1. v2. and v3

• Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)

defines modes of Internet IPv4 and IPv6 multicasting to allow one-to-many and many-to-many transmission of information; PIM Dense Mode (DM), Sparse Mode (SM), and Source-Specific Mode (SSM) are supported

Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

allows multiple PIM-SM domains to interoperate; is used for inter-domain multicast applications

• Multicast Border Gateway Protocol (MBGP)

allows multicast traffic to be forwarded across BGP networks separately from unicast traffic

Additional information

• Green initiative support

provides support for RoHS and WEEE regulations

Warranty and support

1-year warranty

See http://www.hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary for warranty and support information included with your product purchase.

• Software releases

to find software for your product, refer to http://www.hpe.com/networking/support; for details on the software releases available with your product purchase, refer to http://www.hpe.com/networking/warrantysummary

Technical Specifications

HP HSR6602-G Router (JG353A)

I/O ports and slots 4 dual-personality 1000 Mbps ports (IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T)

1 open module slot for either a FIP10 or FIP20 Module

Additional ports and

2 RJ-45 serial console ports

slots

1 USB 2.0

1 RJ-45 out-of-band management port

1 Compact Flash port

17.32(w) x 18.9(d) x 3.46(h) in (44 x 48 x 8.8 cm) (2U height) Physical characteristics Dimensions

> Weight 26.68 lb (12.1 kg) shipping weight

Memory and processor Processor Multi-core PowerPC @ 1500 MHz, 8 MB flash, 2 GB SDRAM, 512 MB

compact flash

Mounting and enclosure EIA standard 19 in. rack

Performance IPv6 Ready Certified

> Latency 13.5 μ s (FIFO 64-byte packets) **Throughput** up to 9 Mpps (64-byte packets)

Switch fabric speed 80 Gbps

Routing table size 1000000 entries (IPv4), 1000000 entries (IPv6) Forwarding table size 1000000 entries (IPv4), 1000000 entries (IPv6)

Backplane bandwidth 80 Gbps

Environment Operating temperature

32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)

Operating relative

humidity

5% to 95%, noncondensing

Altitude up to 13,123 ft (4 km)

Electrical characteristics Frequency

50/60 Hz

Maximum heat dissipation

505 BTU/hr (532.78 kJ/hr)

Voltage 100 - 240 VAC, rated

-48 to -60 VDC, rated

(depending on power supply chosen)

Maximum power rating 300 W

Notes Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case

> theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all

modules populated.

UL 1950; UL 60950; CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 60950; EN 60825; AS/NZS 60950; KN 60950; GOST R Safety

MEK60950; IEC 60950; EN 60950; IEC 60825; ROHS Compliance

Emissions VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; AS/NZS CISPR 22

> Class A; CSA 2.22 60950; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; UL 60950; EN 60950-1; IEC 60950-1; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Subpart B Class A; ETSI EN 300 386 Class A; KN22 Class A; GB 9254 Class A; AS/NZS

60950-1

Generic **Immunity** ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; KN24

Technical Specifications

ΕN EN 55024, CISPR 24

command-line interface; out-of-band management; SNMP Manager; Telnet; RMON1; terminal interface **Management**

(serial RS-232C); Ethernet Interface MIB

Services Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for

details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response

times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.

HP HSR6602-XG Router (JG354A)

I/O ports and slots 4 dual-personality 1000 Mbps ports (IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T)

> 2 SFP+ 10GbE ports (IEEE 802.3ae Type 10GBASE-SR) 1 open module slot for either a FIP10 or FIP20 Module

Additional ports and

2 RJ-45 serial console ports 1 USB 2.0

slots

1 RJ-45 out-of-band management port

1 Compact Flash port

Physical characteristics Dimensions 17.32(w) x 18.9(d) x 3.46(h) in (44 x 48 x 8.8 cm) (2U height)

> Weight 26 26.68 lb (12.1 kg) shipping weight

Multi-core PowerPC @ 1500 MHz, 8 MB flash, 4 GB SDRAM, 512 MB **Memory and processor Processor**

compact flash

Mounting and enclosure EIA standard 19 in. rack

Performance IPv6 Ready Certified

> Latency 13.5 μ s (FIFO 64-byte packets) **Throughput** up to 15 Mpps (64-byte packets)

Switch fabric speed 80 Gbps

Routing table size 4000000 entries (IPv4), 2000000 entries (IPv6) Forwarding table size 1000000 entries (IPv4), 1000000 entries (IPv6)

Backplane bandwidth 80 Gbps

Environment Operating temperature

32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)

Operating relative

humidity

5% to 95%, noncondensing

Altitude up to 13,123 ft (4 km)

Electrical characteristics Frequency 50/60 Hz

> **Maximum heat** dissipation

512 BTU/hr (540.16 kJ/hr)

Voltage 100 - 240 VAC, rated

-48 to -60 VDC, rated

(depending on power supply chosen)

300 W Maximum power rating

Notes Maximum power rating and maximum heat dissipation are the worst-case

> theoretical maximum numbers provided for planning the infrastructure with fully loaded PoE (if equipped), 100% traffic, all ports plugged in, and all

modules populated.

Safety UL 60950; CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 60950; EN 60825; AS/NZS 60950; GOST R MEK60950; IEC

60950; EN 60950; IEC 60825; ROHS Compliance

Technical Specifications

Emissions VCCI Class A; EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; AS/NZS CISPR 22

> Class A; CSA 2.22 60950; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; UL 60950; EN 60950-1; IEC 60950-1; FCC (CFR 47, Part 15) Subpart B Class A; ETSI EN 300 386 Class A; KN22 Class A; GB 9254 Class A; AS/NZS

60950-1

ETSI EN 300 386 V1.3.3; KN24 **Immunity** Generic

> ΕN EN 55024, CISPR 24

Management command-line interface; out-of-band management; SNMP Manager; Telnet; RMON1; terminal interface

(serial RS-232C); Ethernet Interface MIB

Services Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for

details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response

times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.

Standards and protocols BGP

(applies to all products in series)

RFC 1657 Definitions of Managed Objects for

BGPv4

RFC 1772 Application of the BGP

RFC 1773 Experience with the BGP-4 Protocol

RFC 1774 BGP-4 Protocol Analysis

RFC 1965 BGP-4 confederations

RFC 1966 BGP Route Reflection An alternative to

full mesh IBGP

RFC 1997 BGP Communities Attribute

RFC 1998 An Application of the BGP Community

Attribute in Multi-home Routing

RFC 2385 BGP Session Protection via TCP MD5

RFC 2439 BGP Route Flap Damping

RFC 2842 Capability Advertisement with BGP-4

RFC 2858 BGP-4 Multi-Protocol Extensions

RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability

RFC 4271 A Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)

RFC 4272 BGP Security Vulnerabilities Analysis

RFC 4274 BGP-4 Protocol Analysis

RFC 4275 BGP-4 MIB Implementation Survey

RFC 4276 BGP-4 Implementation Report

RFC 4277 Experience with the BGP-4 Protocol

RFC 4360 BGP Extended Communities Attribute

RFC 4451 BGP MULTI EXIT DISC (MED)

Considerations

RFC 4456 BGP Route Reflection: An Alternative to RFC 2711 IPv6 Router Alert Option

Full Mesh Internal BGP (IBGP)

RFC 4486 Subcodes for BGP Cease Notification

Message

RFC 4724 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP

RFC 4760 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4

Space

RFC 5065 Autonomous System Confederations for RFC 3056 Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4

RFC 5291 Outbound Route Filtering Capability for

BGP-4

IPv6

RFC 1350 TFTP

RFC 1886 DNS Extension for IPv6

RFC 1887 IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation

Architecture

RFC 1981 IPv6 Path MTU Discovery

RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6

RFC 2292 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6

RFC 2373 IPv6 Addressing Architecture

RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments

RFC 2460 IPv6 Specification

RFC 2461 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery

RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-

configuration

RFC 2463 ICMPv6

RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet

Networks

RFC 2472 IP Version 6 over PPP

RFC 2473 Generic Packet Tunneling in IPv6

RFC 2475 IPv6 DiffServ Architecture

RFC 2529 Transmission of IPv6 Packets over IPv4

RFC 2545 Use of MP-BGP-4 for IPv6

RFC 2553 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for

IPv6

RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for

IPv6

RFC 2740 OSPEv3 for IPv6

RFC 2893 Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts

and Routers

RFC 2894 Router Renumbering for IPv6

RFC 2925 Definitions of Managed Objects for

RFC 4893 BGP Support for Four-octet AS Number Remote Ping, Traceroute, and Lookup Operations

(Ping only)

Clouds

RFC 3162 RADIUS and IPv6

RFC 3306 Unicast-Prefix-based IPv6 Multicast

Technical Specifications

RFC 5292 Address-Prefix-Based Outbound Route

Filter for BGP-4

RFC 5398 Autonomous System (AS) Number

Reservation for Documentation Use RFC 5883 BFD for Multihop Paths

Denial of service protection

CPU DoS Protection Rate Limiting by ACLs

Device management

RFC 1155 Structure and Mgmt Information (SMIv1)

RFC 1157 SNMPv1/v2c RFC 1305 NTPv3

RFC 1901 (Community based SNMPv2)

RFC 1901-1907 SNMPv2c, SMIv2 and Revised MIB-

RFC 1902 (SNMPv2)

RFC 1908 (SNMP v1/2 Coexistence)

RFC 1945 Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.0 RFC 3956 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP)

RFC 2068 Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.1 Address in an IPv6 Multicast Address

RFC 2271 Framework

RFC 2452 MIB for TCP6

RFC 2454 MIB for UDP6

RFC 2573 (SNMPv3 Applications)

RFC 2576 (Coexistence between SNMP V1, V2, V3) $\,$ RFC 4113 MIB for UDP

RFC 2578-2580 SMIv2

RFC 2579 (SMIv2 Text Conventions) RFC 2580 (SMIv2 Conformance)

RFC 2819 (RMON groups Alarm, Event, History

and Statistics only) RFC 2819 RMON

RFC 3410 (Management Framework)

RFC 3416 (SNMP Protocol Operations v2)

RFC 3417 (SNMP Transport Mappings)

Multiple Configuration Files Multiple Software Images

SNMP v3 and RMON RFC support

SSHv1/SSHv2 Secure Shell

TACACS/TACACS+

General protocols

IEEE 802.1ad Q-in-Q

IEEE 802.1ag Service Layer OAM

IEEE 802.1ah Provider Backbone Bridges

IEEE 802.1AX-2008 Link Aggregation

IEEE 802.1D MAC Bridges

IEEE 802.1p Priority

IEEE 802.1Q (GVRP)

IEEE 802.1Q VLANs

IEEE 802.1s (MSTP)

Addresses (v2 models only)

RFC 3307 IPv6 Multicast Address Allocation

RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (client and relay)

RFC 3363 DNS support

RFC 3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6 RFC 3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for

IPv6 (v2 models only)

RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture RFC 3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6 RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format

RFC 3596 DNS Extension for IPv6

RFC 3646 DNS Configuration options for Dynamic

Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6

RFC 3736 Stateless Dynamic Host Configuration

Protocol (DHCP) Service for IPv6 RFC 3810 MLDv2 (host joins only)

RFC 3810 MLDv2 for IPv6

RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery Version 2

(MLDv2) for IPv6

RFC 4001 Textual Conventions for Internet

Network Addresses

RFC 4007 IPv6 Scoped Address Architecture

RFC 4022 MIB for TCP

RFC 4251 SSHv6 Architecture RFC 4252 SSHv6 Authentication RFC 4252 SSHv6 Transport Layer RFC 4253 SSHv6 Transport Layer RFC 4254 SSHv6 Connection

RFC 4291 IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture

RFC 4293 MIB for IP

RFC 4419 Key Exchange for SSH

RFC 4443 ICMPv6

RFC 4541 IGMP & MLD Snooping Switch RFC 4552 Authentication/Confidentiality for

OSPFv3

RFC 4798 Connecting IPv6 Islands over IPv4 MPLS

Using IPv6 Provider Edge Routers (6PE) RFC 4861 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-

configuration

RFC 4940 IANA Considerations for OSPF

RFC 5072 IP Version 6 over PPP

RFC 5095 Deprecation of Type 0 Routing Headers

in IPv6

RFC 5340 OSPF for IPv6 RFC 5340 OSPFv3 for IPv6

RFC 5722 Handling of Overlapping IPv6 Fragments

Technical Specifications

IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Trees RFC 5881 BFD for IPv4 and IPv6 (Single Hop) IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by Protocol and Port **MIBs** IEEE 802.1w Rapid Reconfiguration of Spanning IEEE 8021-PAE-MIB Tree IEEE 8023-LAG-MIB IEEE 802.1X PAE RFC 1156 (TCP/IP MIB) IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T RFC 1212 Concise MIB Definitions IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T RFC 1213 MIB II IEEE 802.3ac (VLAN Tagging Extension) RFC 1229 Interface MIB Extensions IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation (LAG) RFC 1286 Bridge MIB IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol RFC 1493 Bridge MIB (LACP) RFC 1573 SNMP MIB II IEEE 802.3ae 10-Gigabit Ethernet RFC 1643 Ethernet MIB IEEE 802.3ag Ethernet OAM RFC 1650 Ethernet-Like MIB IEEE 802.3ah Ethernet in First Mile over Point to RFC 1657 BGP-4 MIB Point Fiber - EFMF RFC 1724 RIPv2 MIB IEEE 802.3i 10BASE-T RFC 1757 Remote Network Monitoring MIB IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X RFC 1850 OSPFv2 MIB IEEE 802.3x Flow Control RFC 1907 SNMPv2 MIB IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X RFC 2011 SNMPv2 MIB for IP RFC 768 UDP RFC 2012 SNMPv2 MIB for TCP RFC 783 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 2013 SNMPv2 MIB for UDP **RFC 791 IP** RFC 2021 RMONv2 MIB RFC 792 ICMP RFC 2096 IP Forwarding Table MIB RFC 793 TCP RFC 2233 Interfaces MIB RFC 826 ARP RFC 2273 SNMP-NOTIFICATION-MIB RFC 854 TELNET RFC 2452 IPV6-TCP-MIB RFC 855 Telnet Option Specification RFC 2454 IPV6-UDP-MIB RFC 856 TELNET RFC 2465 IPv6 MIB RFC 857 Telnet Echo Option RFC 2466 ICMPv6 MIB RFC 858 Telnet Suppress Go Ahead Option RFC 2571 SNMP Framework MIB RFC 894 IP over Ethernet RFC 2572 SNMP-MPD MIB RFC 896 Congestion Control in IP/TCP RFC 2574 SNMP USM MIB Internetworks RFC 2618 RADIUS Client MIB RFC 906 TFTP Bootstrap RFC 2620 RADIUS Accounting Client MIB RFC 925 Multi-LAN Address Resolution RFC 2665 Ethernet-Like-MIB RFC 950 Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure RFC 2668 802.3 MAU MIB RFC 951 BOOTP RFC 2674 802.1p and IEEE 802.1Q Bridge MIB RFC 959 File Transfer Protocol (FTP) RFC 2688 MAU-MIB RFC 1006 ISO transport services on top of the RFC 2737 Entity MIB (Version 2) TCP: Version 3 RFC 2787 VRRP MIB RFC 1027 Proxy ARP RFC 2819 RMON MIB RFC 1034 Domain Concepts and Facilities RFC 2863 The Interfaces Group MIB RFC 1035 Domain Implementation and RFC 2925 Ping MIB Specification RFC 2932IP (Multicast Routing MIB) RFC 1042 IP Datagrams RFC 2933 IGMP MIB RFC 1058 RIPv1 RFC 3273 HC-RMON MIB RFC 1071 Computing the Internet Checksum RFC 3414 SNMP-User based-SM MIB RFC 1091 Telnet Terminal-Type Option RFC 3415 SNMP-View based-ACM MIB

RFC 3418 MIB for SNMPv3

RFC 3813 MPLS LSR MIB

RFC 1093 NSFNET routing architecture

RFC 1122 Host Requirements

Technical Specifications

RFC 1141 Incremental updating of the Internet checksum RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol RFC 1144 Compressing TCP/IP headers for lowspeed serial links RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery RFC 1195 OSI ISIS for IP and Dual Environments RFC 1213 Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets RFC 1256 ICMP Router Discovery Protocol (IRDP) RFC 1305 NTPv3 RFC 1315 Management Information Base for Frame RFC 3037 LDP (Label Distribution Protocol) RFC 1321 The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm RFC 1332 The PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP) RFC 1333 PPP Link Quality Monitoring RFC 1334 PPP Authentication Protocols (PAP) RFC 1349 Type of Service RFC 1350 TFTP Protocol (revision 2) RFC 1377 The PPP OSI Network Layer Control Protocol (OSINLCP) RFC 1381 SNMP MIB Extension for X.25 LAPB RFC 1382 SNMP MIB Extension for the X.25 Packet RFC 3916 Requirements for Pseudo-Wire Layer RFC 1471 The Definitions of Managed Objects for the Link Control Protocol of the Point-to-Point Protocol RFC 1473 The Definitions of Managed Objects for the IP Network Control Protocol of the Point-to-Point Protocol RFC 1483 Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM Adaptation Layer 5 RFC 1490 Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay RFC 1519 CIDR RFC 1534 DHCP/BOOTP Interoperation RFC 1542 BOOTP Extensions RFC 1542 Clarifications and Extensions for the **Bootstrap Protocol** RFC 1552 The PPP Internetworking Packet Exchange Control Protocol (IPXCP) RFC 1577 Classical IP and ARP over ATM RFC 1613 Cisco Systems X.25 over TCP (XOT) RFC 1619 PPP over SONET/SDH (Synchronous Optical Network/Synchronous Digital Hierarchy) RFC 1624 Incremental Internet Checksum Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) **RFC 1631 NAT** RFC 4381 Analyses of the Security of BGP/MPLS IP

RFC 1638 PPP Bridging Control Protocol (BCP)

RFC 1661 The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)

RFC 1662 PPP in HDLC-like Framing

VPNs

RFC 3814 MPLS FTN MIB RFC 3815 MPLS LDP MIB RFC 3826 AES for SNMP's USM MIB RFC 4113 UDP MIB RFC 4133 Entity MIB (Version 3) RFC 4221 MPLS FTN MIB LLDP-EXT-DOT1-MIB LLDP-EXT-DOT3-MIB LLDP-MIB

MPLS Applicability RFC 3270 Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) Support of Differentiated Services RFC 3429 Assignment of the 'OAM Alert Label' for Multiprotocol Label Switching RFC 3443 Time To Live (TTL) Processing in Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) Networks RFC 3478 Graceful Restart Mechanism for Label Distribution Protocol RFC 3612 Applicability Statement for Restart Mechanisms for the Label Distribution Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) RFC 3985 Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture RFC 4023 Encapsulating MPLS in IP or Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) RFC 4090 Fast Reroute Extensions to RSVP-TE for LSP Tunnels RFC 4105 Requirements for Inter-Area MPLS Traffic Engineering RFC 4124 Protocol Extensions for Support of Diffserv-aware MPLS Traffic Engineering RFC 4125 Maximum Allocation Bandwidth Constraints Model for Diffsery-aware MPLS Traffic RFC 4127 Russian Dolls Bandwidth Constraints Model for Diffserv-aware MPLS Traffic RFC 4182 Removing a Restriction on the use of MPLS Explicit NULL RFC 4216 MPLS Inter-Autonomous System (AS) Traffic Engineering (TE) Requirements RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) RFC 4365 Applicability Statement for BGP/MPLS IP

RFC 4385 Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge

(PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN

Technical Specifications

Management Version 8.0 using SMIv2

RFC 1700 Assigned Numbers

RFC 1701 Generic Routing Encapsulation

RFC 1702 Generic Routing Encapsulation over IPv4 RFC 4576 Using a Link State Advertisement (LSA)

networks

RFC 1721 RIP-2 Analysis RFC 1722 RIP-2 Applicability

RFC 1723 RIP v2

RFC 1795 Data Link Switching: Switch-to-Switch Protocol AIW DLSw RIG: DLSw Closed Pages,

DLSw Standard Version 1 RFC 1812 IPv4 Routing

RFC 1829 The ESP DES-CBC Transform

RFC 1853 IP in IP Tunneling

RFC 1877 PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol

Extensions for Name Server Addresses

RFC 1944 Benchmarking Methodology for Network RFC 4717 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of

Interconnect Devices

RFC 1973 PPP in Frame Relay

RFC 1974 PPP Stac LZS Compression Protocol RFC 1981 Path MTU Discovery for IP version 6

RFC 1990 The PPP Multilink Protocol (MP)

RFC 1994 PPP Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)

RFC 2003 IP Encapsulation within IP RFC 2082 RIP-2 MD5 Authentication

RFC 2091 Trigger RIP

RFC 2104 HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message

Authentication RFC 2131 DHCP

RFC 2132 DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor

Extensions

RFC 2138 Remote Authentication Dial In User

Service (RADIUS)

RFC 2205 Resource ReSerVation Protocol (RSVP)

- Version 1 Functional Specification

RFC 2209 Resource ReSerVation Protocol (RSVP)

-- Version 1 Message Processing Rules

RFC 2225 Classical IP and ARP over ATM

RFC 2236 IGMP Snooping

RFC 2246 The TLS Protocol Version 1.0

RFC 2251 Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

RFC 2252 Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

(v3): Attribute Syntax Definitions

RFC 2283 MBGP

RFC 2284 EAP over LAN

RFC 2338 VRRP

RFC 2364 PPP Over AAL5

RFC 1695 Definitions of Managed Objects for ATM RFC 4446 IANA Allocations for Pseudowire Edge

to Edge Emulation (PWE3)

RFC 4448 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of

Ethernet over MPLS Networks

Options Bit to Prevent Looping in BGP/MPLS RFC 4618 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of

PPP/High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC) over

MPLS Networks

RFC 4619 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of

Frame Relay over Multiprotocol Label

RFC 4659 BGP-MPLS IP Virtual Private Network

(VPN) Extension for IPv6 VPN

RFC 4664 Framework for Layer 2 Virtual Private

Networks

RFC 4665 Service Requirements for Layer 2 Provider Provisioned Virtual Private Networks

Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) over MPLS

RFC 1945 Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.0 RFC 4761 Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)

Using BGP for Auto-Discovery and Signaling RFC 4762 Virtual Private LAN Service (VPLS)

Using Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) Signaling

RFC 4764 Framework for Layer 2 Virtual Private

Networks (L2VPNs)

RFC 4765 Service Requirements for Layer 2 Provider Provisioned Virtual Private Networks RFC 4816 Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge

(PWE3) Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM)

RFC 4941 Privacy Extensions for Stateless Address

Autoconfiguration in IPv6

RFC 5085 Pseudowire Virtual Circuit Connectivity

Verification (VCCV): A Control Channel RFC 5443 LDP IGP Synchronization RFC 5601 Pseudowire (PW) Management

Information Base (MIB)

RFC 5602 Pseudowire (PW) over MPLS PSN

Management Information Base (MIB)

Network management

IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol

(LLDP)

IEEE 802.1D (STP)

RFC 1098 A Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

RFC 1155 Structure of Management Information

RFC 1157 SNMPv1

RFC 1215 SNMP Generic traps

RFC 1757 RMON 4 groups: Stats, History, Alarms

and Events

RFC 1901 SNMPv2 Introduction

Technical Specifications

RFC 2374 An Aggregatable Global Unicast RFC 1902 SNMPv2 Structure Address Format RFC 1903 SNMPv2 Textual Conventions RFC 2390 Inverse Address Resolution Protocol RFC 1904 SNMPv2 Conformance RFC 1905 SNMPv2 Protocol Operations RFC 2427 Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame RFC 1906 SNMPv2 Transport Mappings RFC 2451 The ESP CBC-Mode Cipher Algorithms RFC 1918 Private Internet Address Allocation RFC 2453 RIPv2 RFC 2272 SNMPv3 Management Protocol RFC 2510 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure RFC 2273 SNMPv3 Applications Certificate Management Protocols RFC 2274 USM for SNMPv3 RFC 2514 Definitions of Textual Conventions and RFC 2275 VACM for SNMPv3 **OBJECT-IDENTITIES for ATM Management** RFC 2570 SNMPv3 Overview RFC 2515 Definitions of Managed Objects for ATM RFC 2571 SNMP Management Frameworks Management RFC 2572 SNMPv3 Message Processing RFC 2516 A Method for Transmitting PPP Over RFC 2573 SNMPv3 Applications RFC 2574 SNMPv3 User-based Security Model Ethernet (PPPoE) RFC 2519 A Framework for Inter-Domain Route (USM) RFC 2575 SNMPv3 View-based Access Control Aggregation RFC 2529 Transmission of IPv6 over IPv4 Domains Model (VACM) without Explicit Tunnels RFC 2575 VACM for SNMP RFC 2544 Benchmarking Methodology for RFC 2576 Coexistence between SNMP versions Network Interconnect Devices RFC 2578 SMIv2 RFC 2581 TCP Congestion Control RFC 2819 Four groups of RMON: 1 (statistics), 2 RFC 2615 PPP over SONET/SDH (Synchronous (history), 3 (alarm) and 9 (events) Optical Network/Synchronous Digital Hierarchy) RFC 2819 Remote Network Monitoring RFC 2616 HTTP Compatibility v1.1 Management Information Base RFC 2617 HTTP Authentication: Basic and Digest RFC 3164 BSD syslog Protocol Access Authentication RFC 3176 sFlow RFC 2622 Routing Policy Specification Language RFC 3411 SNMP Management Frameworks (RPSL) RFC 3412 SNMPv3 Message Processing RFC 2644 Directed Broadcast Control RFC 3413 Simple Network Management Protocol RFC 2661 L2TP (SNMP) Applications RFC 2663 NAT Terminology and Considerations RFC 3414 SNMPv3 User-based Security Model RFC 2684 Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM (USM) Adaptation Layer 5 RFC 3415 SNMPv3 View-based Access Control RFC 2694 DNS extensions to Network Address Model VACM) RFC 3584 Coexistence between Version 1 and Translators (DNS_ALG) Version 2 of the Internet-standard Network RFC 2702 Requirements for Traffic Engineering Over MPLS RFC 3593 Textual Conventions for MIB Modules RFC 2716 PPP EAP TLS Authentication Protocol Using Performance History Based on 15 Minute RFC 2747 RSVP Cryptographic Authentication RFC 3636 Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE RFC 2763 Dynamic Name-to-System ID mapping 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs) RFC 2765 Stateless IP/ICMP Translation Algorithm RFC 4292 IP Forwarding Table MIB RFC 4502 Remote Network Monitoring RFC 2766 Network Address Translation - Protocol Management Information Base Version 2 Translation (NAT-PT) RFC 4878 Definitions and Managed Objects for RFC 2782 A DNS RR (DNS Resource Record) for Operations, Administration, and Maintenance specifying the location of services (DNS SRV) (OAM) Functions on Domain Name System Server ANSI/TIA-1057 LLDP Media Endpoint Discovery RFC 2784 Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) (LLDP-MED) RFC 2787 Definitions of Managed Objects for SNMPv1/v2 **VRRP** SNMPv1/v2c

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RFC 2833 RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, SNMPv1/v2c (read only) Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals SNMPv1/v2c/v3 RFC 2856 Textual Conventions for Additional High Capacity Data Types **OSPF** RFC 2865 Remote Authentication Dial In User RFC 1245 OSPF protocol analysis Service (RADIUS) RFC 1246 Experience with OSPF RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting RFC 1253 OSPFv2 MIB RFC 2868 RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol RFC 1583 OSPFv2 Support RFC 1587 OSPF NSSA RFC 2869 RADIUS Extensions RFC 1745 OSPF Interactions RFC 2878 PPP Bridging Control Protocol (BCP) RFC 1765 OSPF Database Overflow RFC 2915 The Naming Authority Pointer (NAPTR) RFC 1850 OSPFv2 Management Information Base **DNS Resource Record** (MIB), traps RFC 2916 E.164 number and DNS P. Faltstrom RFC 2154 OSPF w/ Digital Signatures (Password, RFC 2961 RSVP Refresh Overhead Reduction MD-5) Extensions RFC 2178 OSPFv2 RFC 2965 HTTP State Management Mechanism RFC 2328 OSPFv2 RFC 2966 Domain-wide Prefix Distribution with RFC 2370 OSPF Opaque LSA Option Two-Level IS-IS RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA RFC 2973 IS-IS Mesh Groups RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart RFC 2976 The SIP INFO Method RFC 3630 Traffic Engineering Extensions to OSPF RFC 3022 Traditional IP Network Address Version 2 Translator (Traditional NAT) RFC 4061 Benchmarking Basic OSPF Single Router RFC 3027 Protocol Complications with the IP Control Plane Convergence Network Address Translator RFC 4062 OSPF Benchmarking Terminology and RFC 3031 Multiprotocol Label Switching Concepts Architecture RFC 4063 Considerations When Using Basic OSPF RFC 3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding Convergence Benchmarks RFC 3036 LDP Specification RFC 4222 Prioritized Treatment of Specific OSPF RFC 3046 DHCP Relay Agent Information Option Version 2 Packets and Congestion Avoidance RFC 3063 MPLS Loop Prevention Mechanism RFC 4577 OSPF as the Provider/Customer Edge RFC 3065 Support AS confederation Protocol for BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks RFC 3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement (VPNs) RFC 3209 RSVP-TE Extensions to RSVP for LSP RFC 4811 OSPF Out-of-Band LSDB Tunnels Resynchronization RFC 3210 Applicability Statement for Extensions to RFC 4812 OSPF Restart Signaling RSVP for LSP-Tunnels RFC 4813 OSPF Link-Local Signaling RFC 5187 OSPFv3 Graceful Restart

RFC 3212 Constraint-Based LSP setup using LDP (CR-LDP)

RFC 3214 LSP Modification Using CR-LDP

RFC 3215 LDP State Machine

RFC 3246 Expedited Forwarding PHB

RFC 3268 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)

Ciphersuites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)

RFC 3272 Overview and Principles of Internet

Traffic Engineering

RFC 3277 IS-IS Transient Blackhole Avoidance RFC 3279 Algorithms and Identifiers for the

Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile

RFC 3280 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure

QoS/CoS

IEEE 802.1p (CoS)

RFC 5340 OSPF for IPv6

RFC 5340 OSPFv3 for IPv6

RFC 2309 Recommendations on queue

RFC 5613 OSPF Link-Local Signaling

management and congestion avoidance in the

Internet

RFC 2474 DiffServ Precedence, including 8

queues/port

RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence, with 4 queues per port

Technical Specifications

Export (IPFIX)

RFC 3954 Cisco Systems NetFlow Services Export

Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) RFC 2474 DS Field in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers Profile RFC 2474 DSCP DiffServ RFC 3359 Reserved Type, Length and Value (TLV) RFC 2474, with 4 queues per port Codepoints in Intermediate System to Intermediate RFC 2475 DiffServ Architecture System RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) RFC 3392 Support BGP capabilities advertisement RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)-RFC 3410 Applicability Statements for SNMP partial support RFC 3416 Protocol Operations for SNMP RFC 2598 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF) RFC 3417 Transport Mappings for the Simple RFC 2697 A Single Rate Three Color Marker Network Management Protocol (SNMP) RFC 2698 A Two Rate Three Color Marker RFC 3442 The Classless Static Route Option for RFC 2751 Signaled Preemption Priority Policy Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Element version 4 RFC 3247 Supplemental Information for the New RFC 3479 Fault Tolerance for the Label Definition of the EF PHB (Expedited Forwarding Distribution Protocol (LDP) Per-Hop Behavior) RFC 3509 OSPF ABR Behavior RFC 3260 New Terminology and Clarifications for RFC 3526 More Modular Exponential (MODP) DiffServ RFC 3662 A Lower Effort Per-Domain Behavior Diffie-Hellman groups for Internet Key Exchange (IKE) (PDB) for Differentiated Services RFC 3562 Key Management Considerations for the RFC 4594 Configuration Guidelines for DiffServ TCP MD5 Signature Option Service Classes RFC 3564 Requirements for Support of Differentiated Services-aware MPLS Traffic Security Engineering IEEE 802.1X Port Based Network Access Control RFC 3567 Intermediate System to Intermediate RFC 1321 The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm System (IS-IS) Cryptographic Authentication RFC 1492 TACACS+ RFC 3590 Source Address Selection for the RFC 2082 RIP-2 MD5 Authentication Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) Protocol RFC 2104 Keyed-Hashing for Message RFC 3602 The AES-CBC Cipher Algorithm and Its Authentication Use with IPSec RFC 2138 RADIUS Authentication RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF Restart RFC 2139 RADIUS Accounting RFC 3706 A Traffic-Based Method of Detecting RFC 2209 RSVP-Message Processing Dead Internet Key Exchange (IKE) Peers RFC 2246 Transport Layer Security (TLS) RFC 3768 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol RFC 2408 Internet Security Association and Key (VRRP) Management Protocol (ISAKMP) RFC 3784 ISIS TE support RFC 2409 The Internet Key Exchange (IKE) RFC 3786 Extending the Number of IS-IS LSP RFC 2459 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Fragments Beyond the 256 Limit Certificate and CRL Profile RFC 3811 Definitions of Textual Conventions (TCs) RFC 2548 Microsoft Vendor-specific RADIUS for Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Management RFC 2716 PPP EAP TLS Authentication Protocol RFC 3812 Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) RFC 2818 HTTP Over TLS Traffic Engineering (TE) Management Information RFC 2865 RADIUS (client only) Base (MIB) RFC 2865 RADIUS Authentication RFC 3847 Restart signaling for IS-IS RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting RFC 3879 Deprecating Site Local Addresses RFC 2867 RADIUS Accounting Modifications for RFC 3906 Calculating Interior Gateway Protocol **Tunnel Protocol Support** (IGP) Routes Over Traffic Engineering Tunnels RFC 2868 RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol RFC 3917 Requirements for IP Flow Information Support

RFC 2869 RADIUS Extensions

RFC 2993 Architectural Implications of NAT

Technical Specifications

Version 9

RFC 4213 Basic IPv6 Transition Mechanisms RFC 4884 Extended ICMP to Support Multi-Part

Messages

RFC 5082 The Generalized TTL Security

Mechanism (GTSM)

RFC 5286 Basic Specification for IP Fast Reroute:

Loop-Free Alternates

RFC 5880 Bidirectional Forwarding Detection

RFC 5882 Generic Application of BFD

IP multicast

RFC 1112 IGMP

RFC 2236 IGMPv2

RFC 2283 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4

RFC 2362 PIM Sparse Mode

RFC 2365 Administratively Scoped IP Multicast

RFC 2934 Protocol Independent Multicast MIB for

IPv4

RFC 3376 IGMPv3

RFC 3446 Anycast Rendezvous Point (RP)

mechanism using Protocol Independent Multicast

(PIM) and Multicast Source Discovery Protocol (MSDP)

RFC 3569 An Overview of Source-Specific

Multicast (SSM)

RFC 3618 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol

(MSDP)

RFC 3973 PIM Dense Mode

RFC 4601 PIM Sparse Mode

RFC 4604 Using Internet Group Management

Protocol Version 3 (IGMPv3) and Multicast

Source-Specific Multicast

RFC 4605 IGMP/MLD Proxying

RFC 4607 Source-Specific Multicast for IP

RFC 4608 Source-Specific Protocol Independent

Multicast in 232/8 (PIM SSM)

RFC 4611 Multicast Source Discovery Protocol

(MSDP) Deployment Scenarios

RFC 4950 ICMP Extensions for Multiprotocol Label RFC 4305 - Cryptographic Algorithm

Switching

RFC 5015 Bidirectional Protocol Independent

Multicast (BIDIR-PIM)

RFC 5059 Bootstrap Router (BSR) Mechanism for

Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)

RFC 5060 Protocol Independent Multicast MIB

RFC 5240 Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM)

Bootstrap Router MIB

RFC 3567 Intermediate System (IS) to IS

Cryptographic Authentication

RFC 3576 Dynamic Authorization Extensions to

RADIUS

RFC 3579 RADIUS Support For Extensible

Authentication Protocol (EAP)

RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1X Remote Authentication Dial

In User Service (RADIUS) Usage Guidelines

RFC 4250 The Secure Shell (SSH) Protocol

Assigned Numbers

RFC 5214 Intra-Site Automatic Tunnel Addressing

Protocol (ISATAP)

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

Guest VLAN for 802.1X

MAC Authentication

Port Security

Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)

SSHv1 Secure Shell

SSHv1.5 Secure Shell

SSHv1/SSHv2 Secure Shell

SSHv2 Secure Shell

VPN

RFC 2403 - HMAC-MD5-96

RFC 2404 - HMAC-SHA1-96

RFC 2405 - DES-CBC Cipher algorithm

RFC 2407 - Domain of interpretation

RFC 2547 BGP/MPLS VPNs

RFC 2764 A Framework for IP Based Virtual Private

Networks

RFC 2796 BGP Route Reflection - An Alternative to

Full Mesh IBGP

Listener Discovery Protocol Version 2 (MLDv2) for RFC 2842 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4

RFC 2858 Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4

RFC 2917 A Core MPLS IP VPN Architecture

RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability for BGP-4

RFC 3107 Carrying Label Information in BGP-4

RFC 4302 - IP Authentication Header (AH)

RFC 4303 - IP Encapsulating Security Payload

Implementation Requirements for ESP and AH

IPsec

RFC 1828 IP Authentication using Keyed MD5

RFC 2401 IP Security Architecture

RFC 2402 IP Authentication Header

RFC 2406 IP Encapsulating Security Payload

RFC 2407 - Domain of interpretation

RFC 2408 - Internet Security Association and Key

Management Protocol (ISAKMP)

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RFC 2409 - The Internet Key Exchange RFC 2410 - The NULL Encryption Algorithm and its use with IPSec RFC 2411 IP Security Document Roadmap RFC 2412 - OAKLEY RFC 2865 - Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) RFC 4835 Cryptographic Algorithm

Implementation Requirements for Encapsulating

IKEv1

Security

RFC 2865 - Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS)

RFC 3748 - Extensible Authentication Protocol (FAP)

RFC 4109 Algorithms for Internet Key Exchange version 1 (IKEv1)

PKI

RFC 5280 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile

Accessories

HP X260 RS449 3m DTE Serial Port Cable

HP X260 RS449 3m DCE Serial Port Cable

HP X260 RS530 3m DTE Serial Port Cable

HPE HSR6600 Router Series accessories	
Modules	
HP 6600 16-port GbE SFP and 12-port Combo GbE Service Aggregation Platform Module	JH138A
HP 6600 16-port GbE SFP 4-port GbE Combo and 2-port 10GbE SFP+Service Aggregation Platform	JH139A
Module	
Transceivers	
HP X110 100M SFP LC LH40 Transceiver	JD090A
HP X110 100M SFP LC LH80 Transceiver	JD091A
HP X115 100M SFP LC FX Transceiver	JD102B
HP X110 100M SFP LC LX Transceiver	JD120B
HP X120 622M SFP LC LX 15km Transceiver	JF829A
HP X120 622M SFP LC LH 40km 1310 Transceiver	JF830A
HP X120 622M SFP LC LH 80km 1550 Transceiver	JF831A
HP X125 1G SFP LC LH40 1310nm Transceiver	JD061A
HP X120 1G SFP LC LH40 1550nm Transceiver	JD062A
HP X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-U Transceiver	JD098B
HP X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-D Transceiver	JD099B
HP X120 1G SFP LC LH100 Transceiver	JD103A
HP X120 1G SFP LC SX Transceiver	JD118B
HP X120 1G SFP LC LX Transceiver	JD119B
HP X125 1G SFP LC LH70 Transceiver	JD063B
HP X120 1G SFP RJ45 T Transceiver	JD089B
HP X160 2.5G SFP LC 2km Transceiver	JD084A
HP X160 2.5G SFP LC 15km Transceiver	JD085A
HP X160 2.5G SFP LC 40km Transceiver	JD086A
HP X160 2.5G SFP LC 80km Transceiver	JD087A
HP X135 10G XFP LC ER Transceiver	JD121A
HP X130 10G XFP LC LR Single Mode 10km 1310nm Transceiver	JD108B
HP X130 10G XFP LC SR Transceiver	JD117B
HP X130 10G SFP+ LC SR Transceiver	JD092B
HP X130 10G SFP+ LC LR Transceiver	JD094B
HP X130 10G SFP+ LC ER 40km Transceiver	JG234A
Cables	
HP X200 V.24 DTE 3m Serial Port Cable	JD519A
HP X200 V.24 DCE 3m Serial Port Cable	JD521A
HP X200 V.35 DTE 3m Serial Port Cable	JD523A
HP X200 V.35 DCE 3m Serial Port Cable	JD525A
HP X200 X.21 DTE 3m Serial Port Cable	JD527A
HP X200 X.21 DCE 3m Serial Port Cable	JD529A

JF825A

JF826A

JF827A

Accessories

HP X260 RS530 3m DCE Serial Port Cable HP X260 8E1 BNC 75 ohm 3m Router Cable HP X260 E1 RJ45 BNC 75-120 ohm Conversion Router Cable Power Supply	JF828A JD512A JD511A
HP 5800 300W AC Power Supply HP 5800 300W DC Power Supply	JC087A JC090A
Fan Tray	IC7E0 A
HP HSR6602 Router Spare Fan Assembly Router Modules	JG359A
	ICE7E A
HP A6600 8-port 10/100Base-T HIM Module	JC575A
HP 6600 4GbE WAN HIM Router Module HP 6600 8GbE WAN HIM Router Module	JC163A JC164A
	JC104A JC171A
HP 6600 4-port GbE SFP HIM Router Module HP 6600 8-port GbE SFP HIM Router Module	JC171A JC174A
·	JC1/4A JC168A
HP 6600 1-port 10GbE XFP HIM Router Module	JC160A JC161A
HP 6600 1-port OC-3 (E1/T1) CPOS HIM Router Module	JC161A JC162A
HP 6600 2-port OC-3 E1/T1 CPOS HIM Router Module HP 6600 2-port OC-3 E3/T3 CPOS HIM Router Module	JC162A JC169A
HP 6600 1-port OC-3 (E3/T3) CPOS HIM Router Module	JC109A JC170A
HP 6600 4-port OC-3 / 2-port OC-12 POS HIM Router Module	JC170A JC172A
HP 6600 2-port OC-3 / 1-port OC-12 POS HIM Router Module	JC172A JC173A
HP 6600 1-port OC-3c/STM-1c ATM HIM Router Module	JC175A JC175A
HP 6600 1-port OC-48/STM-16 POS (SFP) Router Module	JC494A
HP 6600 2-port OC-3c/STM-1c ATM SFP Router Module	JC495A
HP A6600 2-port OC-48c/STM-16c RPR SFP HIM Module	JC576A
HP MSR 2-port Enhanced Serial MIM Mod	JD540A
HP 6600 8-port Fractional T1 MIM Router Module	JC159A
HP 6600 8-port T1 MIM Router Module	JC160A
HP MSR 4-port Enhanced Serial MIM Module	JD541A
HP MSR 8-port Sync/Async Interface Enhanced Module	JD552A
HP MSR 1-port FT3/CT3 MIM Module	JD628A
HP MSR 1-port FE3/CE3 MIM Module	JD630A
HP MSR 8-port Fractional E1 MIM Module	JF255A
HP 6600 FIP-10 Flexible Interface Platform Router Module	JG357A
HP 6600 FIP-20 Flexible Interface Platform Router Module	JG358A
HP MSR 1-port T3 / CT3 / FT3 HMIM Module	JG435A
HP MSR 1-port E3 / CE3 / FE3 HMIM Module	JG436A
Memory	30430/1
HP X610 2G VLP DDR3 SDRAM Memory	JG482A

Accessory Product Details

NOTE: Details are not available for all accessories. The following specifications were available at the time of publication.

HP X125 1G SFP LC LH40 Ports		1 LC 1000Base-LH port (no IEEE standard exists for 1550 nm optics)		
1310nm Transceiver	Connectivity	Connector type	LC	
(JD061A)		Wavelength	1310 nm	
A small form-factor	Physical characteristics	Dimensions	2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17 cm)	
pluggable SFP Gigabit LH40 transceiver that		Full configuration weight	0.04 lb. (0.02 kg)	
provides a full duplex	Electrical characteristics	Power consumption typica	al 0.8 W	
Gigabit solution up to		Power consumption	1.0 W	
40km on a single-mode		maximum		
fiber.	Cabling	Cable type:		
		Single-mode fiber optic, complying with ITU-T G.652;		
		Maximum distance:		
		• 40km distance		
		Fiber type	Single Mode	
	Services	Refer to the Hewlett Pack	ard Enterprise website at	
		http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard		
		Enterprise sales office.		
HP X120 1G SFP LC LH40	Ports	1 LC 1000BASE-LH port (no IEEE standard exists for 1550 nm optics)		
1550nm Transceiver	Connectivity	Connector type	LC	
(JD062A)		Wavelength	1550 nm	
A II ((Physical characteristics	Dimensions	2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17	
A small form-factor pluggable (SFP) Gigabit			cm)	
LH40 transceiver that		Full configuration weight	0.04 lb. (0.02 kg)	
provides a full-duplex	Electrical characteristics	Power consumption typica	al 0.8 W	
Gigabit solution up to 40 km on a single mode fiber.		Power consumption	1.0 W	
		maximum		
	Cabling	Cable type:		
		Single-mode fiber optic, complying with ITU-T G.652;		
		Maximum distance:		
		• 40km distance		
		• 40KIII distance		
		Fiber type	Single Mode	
	Services			
	Services	Fiber type Refer to the Hewlett Pack http://www.hpe.com/ne		

Accessory Product Details

response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.

1 LC 1000BASE-BX10 port (IEEE 802.3ah Type 1000BASE-BX10-U);

HP X120 1G SFP LC BX 10-U Transceiver

A small form-factor

pluggable (SFP) Gigabit

LX-BX10-U transceiver

Gigabit solution up to

cable.

10km on a single mode

that provides a full duplex

Duplex: full only **Connectivity Connector type**

(JD098B) LC

Ports

Physical characteristics Dimensions 2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17

cm)

0.04 lb. (0.02 kg) **Full configuration**

weight

Electrical characteristics Power consumption 0.8 W

typical

Power consumption 1.0 W

maximum

Maximum distance: **Cabling**

• 10km

Fiber type Single Mode

Notes TX 1310nm RX 1490nm

Services Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at

> http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the servicelevel descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard

Enterprise sales office.

HP X120 1G SFP LC BX

10-D Transceiver

1 LC 1000BASE-BX10 port (IEEE 802.3ah Type 1000BASE-BX10-D);

Duplex: full only

(JD099B)

cable.

A small form-factor pluggable (SFP) Gigabit LX-BX10-D transceiver that provides a full duplex Gigabit solution up to 10km on a single mode

Ports

LC **Connectivity Connector type**

Dimensions 2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17 Physical characteristics

cm)

Full configuration

weight

0.04 lb. (0.02 kg)

Electrical characteristics Power consumption

typical

0.8 W

1.0 W **Power consumption**

maximum

Cabling Maximum distance:

• Up to 10km

Fiber type Single Mode

Notes TX 1490nm RX 1310nm

Services Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at

> http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the servicelevel descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard

Enterprise sales office.

HP X120 1G SFP LC

Ports

1 LC 1000BASE-LH port (no IEEE standard exists for 1550 nm optics)

Accessory Product Details

LH100 Transceiver	Connectivity	Connector type	LC	
(JD103A)		Wavelength	1550 nm	
A small form factor pluggable (SFP) Gigabit	Electrical characteristics	Power consumption typical	0.8 W	
LH100 transceiver that provides a full-duplex		Power consumption maximum	1.0 W	
Gigabit solution up to 100km on a single mode fiber.	Cabling	Cable type: Single-mode fiber optic, complying with ITU-T G.652;		
		Maximum distance: • Up to 100km		
		Fiber type	Single Mode	
	Services	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the services a level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services a response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packa Enterprise sales office.		
HP X120 1G SFP LC SX	Ports	1 LC 1000BASE-SX port		
Transceiver (JD118B)	Connectivity	Connector type	LC	
		Wavelength	850 nm	
A small form-factor pluggable (SFP) Gigabit SX transceiver that provides a full-duplex Gigabit solution up to	Physical characteristics	Dimensions	2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17 cm)	
		Full configuration weight	0.04 lb. (0.02 kg)	
550m on a Multimode fiber.	Electrical characteristics	Power consumption typical	0.8 W	
		Power consumption maximum	1.0 W	
	Cabling	Maximum distance: • FDDI Grade distance = • OM1 = 275m • OM2 = 500m • OM3 = Not Specified by		
		Cable length	up to 550m	
		Fiber type	Multi Mode	
	Services	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.		
HP X120 1G SFP LC LX	Ports	1 SFP 1000BASE-LX por	t (IEEE 802.3z Type 1000BASE-LX)	
Transceiver (JD119B)	Connectivity	Connector type	LC	
	-			

Accessory Product Details

A small form-factor pluggable (SFP) Gigabig LX transceiver that provides a full duplex Gigabit solution up to 550m on MMF or 10Km on SMF

Physical characteristics Dimensions 2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17

cm)

Full configuration 0.04 lb. (0.02 kg)

weight

Electrical characteristics Power consumption 0.8 W

typical

Power consumption 10 W

maximum

Cabling Cable type:

Either single mode or multimode;

Maximum distance: • 550m for Multimode • 10km for Singlemode

Fiber type Both

Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at Services

> http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the servicelevel descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard

Enterprise sales office.

HP X125 1G SFP LC LH70 Ports

1 LC 1000BASE-LH port (no IEEE standard exists for 1550 nm optics)

Transceiver (JD063B)

Connectivity

LC **Connector type**

Wavelength 1550 nm

A small form-factor

fiber.

pluggable (SFP) Gigabit LH70 transceiver that provides a full-duplex Gigabit solution up to 70km on a single-mode

Physical characteristics **Dimensions** 2.17(d) x 0.6(w) x 0.46(h) in. (5.51 x 1.52 x 1.17

cm)

Full configuration

weight

0.04 lb. (0.02 kg)

0.8 W

Electrical characteristics Power consumption typical

Power consumption

maximum

1.0 W

Cabling Cable type:

Single-mode fiber optic, complying with ITU-T G.652;

Maximum distance:

• 70km

Fiber type Single Mode

Services Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at

> http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the servicelevel descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard

Enterprise sales office.

HP X120 1G SFP Ports RJ45 T Connectivity 1 RJ-45 1000BASE-T port (IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T)

Connector type

RJ-45

Accessory Product Details

Transceiver Physical		Dimensions 2.71(d) x 0.54(w) x 0.55(h) in. (6.88 x 1.37 x 1		
(JD089B) characterist	characteristics	Full configuration weight	0.07 lb. (0.03 kg)	
A small form	Electrical	Power consumption typical	0.8 W	
factor pluggable	characteristics	Power consumption maximum	1.0 W	
(SFP) Gigabit Cabling 1000Base-T transceiver that provides a full duplex Gigabit solution up to 100m on a Cat-		Cable type: 1000BASE-T: Category 5 (5E or better recommended), 100 Ù differential 4-pair unshielded twisted pair (UTP) or shielded twisted pair (STP) balanced, complying with IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T; Maximum distance: • 100m		
5+ cable.	Services	Refer to the Hewlett Packard Enterprise website at http://www.hpe.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product numbers. For details about services and response times in your area, please contact your local Hewlett Packard Enterprise sales office.		

Summary of Changes

Date	Version History	Action	Description of Change:
01-Dec-2015	From Version 3 to 4	Changed	Overview and Technical Specifications updated
01-Jun-2015	From Version 2 to 3	Added	SKU's added: • JH138A • JH139A
		Changed	Product image added. Overview and Technical Specifications updated.
13-Feb-2014	From Version 1 to 2	Changed	Updates were made throughout the document.







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c04111430 - 14500 - Worldwide - V4 - 1-December-2015